CLAIMS

The following is claimed:

- A system for matching data and clock signal delays, comprising: 1. 1 a clock buffer for driving said received clock signal to a register; 2 a data receiver for removing noise from received data; and 3 at least one miniature clock buffer, wherein said at least one miniature clock 4 buffer is a scaled version of said clock buffer, said miniature clock buffer having a 5 scaling factor of K, said scaling factor representing a number of said miniature clock 6 buffers utilized to minimize negative variations experienced by said clock buffer. 7 The system of claim 1, wherein said driving of said received clock 2. 1 signal is performed by adding a gain factor to said received clock signal, thereby 2 increasing strength of said clock signal to allow propagation to said register. 3 The system of claim 1, wherein said clock buffer provides an amount 3.
- of delay that slows progression of said clock signal in a path to said register.
- 1 4. The system of claim 1, wherein said negative variations are selected 2 from the group consisting of process, voltage and temperature.
- The system of claim 1, wherein said system is located within receive logic situated on an application specific integrated circuit.

- 1 6. The system of claim 5, wherein a setup time of said receive logic is
- 2 represented by the equation:
- $T_{\text{setup}} = T_{\text{reg-setup}} + 0.1 \text{ x } (-T_{\text{clk-dly}}) T_{\text{clk-rte}}(\text{min})$
- wherein, T_{reg-setup} is a setup time for said register, T_{clk-dly} is a delay contributed by said
- 5 clock buffer, and T_{clk-rte}(min) is a minimum delay contributed by propagation of said
- 6 clock signal to said register.
- 7. The system of claim 5, wherein a hold time of said receive logic is
- 2 represented by the equation:
- $T_{hold} = T_{reg-hold} + 0.1 \text{ x } (T_{clk-dly}) + T_{clk-rte}(max)$
- wherein, T_{reg-hold} is a hold time for said register, T_{clk-dly}) is a delay contributed by said
- s clock buffer, and $T_{clk-rte}(max)$ is a maximum delay contributed by propagation of said
- 6 clock signal to said register.
- 8. A method of matching data and clock signal delays within receive
- 2 logic, comprising the steps of:
- minimizing setup and hold times of said receive logic;
- formulating at least one miniaturized version of a clock buffer located within
- said receive logic, wherein said at least one miniaturized version of said clock buffer
- 6 is a scaled version of said clock buffer, said miniaturized version of said clock buffer
- 7 having a scaling factor of K, said scaling factor representing a number of said
- 8 miniaturized clock buffers utilized to minimize negative variations experienced by
- 9 said clock buffer; and
- minimizing negative variations experienced by said clock buffer.

- 1 9. The method of claim 8, wherein said receive logic is situated on an
- 2 application specific integrated circuit.
- 1 10. The method of claim 8, wherein said negative variations are selected
- 2 from the group consisting of process, voltage and temperature.
- 1 The method of claim 8, wherein said clock buffer is capable of driving
- 2 a received clock signal to a register located within said receive logic.
- 1 12. The method of claim 11, wherein a setup time of said receive logic is
- 2 represented by the equation:
- $T_{\text{setup}} = T_{\text{reg-setup}} + 0.1 \text{ x } (-T_{\text{clk-dly}}) T_{\text{clk-rte}}(\text{min})$
- wherein, T_{reg-setup} is a setup time for said register, T_{clk-dly} is a delay contributed by said
- 5 clock buffer, and T_{clk-rte}(min) is a minimum delay contributed by propagation of said
- 6 clock signal to said register.
- 1 The method of claim 11, wherein a hold time of said receive logic is
- 2 represented by the equation:
- $T_{hold} = T_{reg-hold} + 0.1 \times (T_{clk-dly}) + T_{clk-rte}(max)$
- wherein, T_{reg-hold} is a hold time for said register, T_{clk-dly}) is a delay contributed by said
- clock buffer, and T_{clk-rte}(max) is a maximum delay contributed by propagation of said
- 6 clock signal to said register.

- 14. The method of claim 8, wherein said clock buffer provides an amount
- of delay that slows progression of said clock signal in a path to a register located
- within said receive logic.
- 1 15. A system for matching data and clock signal delays within receive
- 2 logic, comprising:
- means for minimizing setup and hold times of said receive logic;
- 4 means for formulating at least one miniaturized version of a clock buffer
- 5 located within said receive logic, wherein said at least one miniaturized version of
- 6 said clock buffer is a scaled version of said clock buffer, said miniaturized version of
- said clock buffer having a scaling factor of K, said scaling factor representing a
- 8 number of said miniaturized clock buffers utilized to minimize negative variations
- 9 experienced by said clock buffer; and
- means for minimizing negative variations experienced by said clock buffer.
- 1 16. The system of claim 15, wherein said receive logic is situated on an
- 2 application specific integrated circuit.
- 1 The system of claim 15, wherein said negative variations are selected
- 2 from the group consisting of process, voltage and temperature.
- 1 18. The system of claim 15, wherein said clock buffer is capable of driving
- 2 a received clock signal to a register located within said receive logic.

- 1 19. The system of claim 18, wherein a setup time of said receive logic is
- 2 represented by the equation:

$$T_{\text{setup}} = T_{\text{reg-setup}} + 0.1 \text{ x } (-T_{\text{clk-dly}}) - T_{\text{clk-rte}}(\text{min})$$

- wherein, $T_{reg\text{-setup}}$ is a setup time for said register, $T_{clk\text{-}dly}$ is a delay contributed by said
- s clock buffer, and $T_{clk-rte}(min)$ is a minimum delay contributed by propagation of said
- 6 clock signal to said register.
- 1 20. The system of claim 18, wherein a hold time of said receive logic is
- 2 represented by the equation:

$$T_{hold} = T_{reg-hold} + 0.1 x (T_{clk-dly}) + T_{clk-rte}(max)$$

- wherein, T_{reg-hold} is a hold time for said register, T_{clk-dly}) is a delay contributed by said
- 5 clock buffer, and T_{clk-rte}(max) is a maximum delay contributed by propagation of said
- 6 clock signal to said register.